

## Send Out Thy Light and Thy Truth

PSALMS 43:3

### AND GOD SAID:

"Let there be Light; and there was Light."—Genesis 1:3

### LET THERE BE LIGHT:

"For God, who commanded the Light to shine out of darkness, hath shined in our hearts, to give the Light of the knowledge of the glory of God in the face of Jesus Christ." 2 Corinthians 4:6.

"Let no man deceive you with vain words: for because of these things cometh the wrath of God upon the children of disobedience." Ephesians 5:6.

### ATTENTION CHRISTIANS:

At this time much is being written about the moral conditions of this country, but MUCH remains to be done in regard to a definite Revival of Consecration through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Reforms—scientific data—Revolutionary thinking and Evolutionary movements are afoot, BUT very little has been accomplished for God. To be sure we have our schools and halls for higher learning, BUT when the Church undertakes to assume the authority of defeating the Divine plan of GOD, it is an indication of what to expect in the way of future conception of **His Word**. Working from the wrong angle, the churches are contemplating a drastic suppression of undesirable off-spring by adopting measures rapidly becoming an important subject for serious consideration in this and other countries.

### PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS PERTAINING TO PRESENT GHAOTIC CONDITIONS EXISTING IN

Communitistic Confusion, Gause and Control, John 2:18

Communism vs. Christianity, 2 John 7:9

Divorce Degradation, Mark 4:5-9

Birth Control, Clinical Circulation, Jude 18

The Legislative Farce Against Established Contraception, Jude 19

The Unmasking of Socialism and Communitistic Co-Operation

The Questionable Support Granted by Federated Councils

At no time has the need of honesty been as apparent as now when men and women must declare themselves according to **God's Divine Word**: "Be not conformed to this world: but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind, that ye may prove what is that good, and acceptable, and perfect Will of God."—Romans 12:2.

This I say then, "Walk in the Spirit, and ye shall not fulfill the Lust of the Flesh."—Gal. 5:16.

What is YOUR stand on these great problems fast becoming a part of the Church curriculum and steadily undermining the foundations of our nation and bulwarks of Christianity?

Write for information in regard to platform presentations of above topics, singly or combined in one or more groups, and hear convincing outlines, authentic data and conclusive truths.

All particulars for proposed meetings, to be held under the auspices of those upholding the **Divine Precepts of God**, may be obtained by addressing

AMIE LETTS DeBERGER,  
Churchville, New York.

Endorsed by Light and Truth Industrial Home Press  
Strattanville, Pennsylvania.



## The Anti-Communism and Birth Control Platform

The A. L. D. Publishing Company, Churchville, N. Y.

Endorsed by Light and Truth Industrial Home Press, Strattanville, Penna.

### Send Out Thy Light and Thy Truth

Psalm 43:3

DEAR CO-WORKER:—

Your name has been brought to my notice, through publications and correspondence, as one opposed to Communism and Birth Control. The present lack of co-operation evident in the various Reform Movements, has made it imperative for staunch supporters of Jesus Christ to come out from among those of uncertain convictions and declare themselves, one way or another.

The enclosed circular presents the pertinent problems when listed in conjunction with Divine precepts. Mrs. Margaret Sanger, National Chairman of the Committee of Federal Legislation, formed to secure amendment of Federal laws which obstruct the administration of State laws relating to Birth Control, has the support of the Committee on Marriage and the Home of the Federal Council of Churches in Christ in America, and approval of the Council's Administrative Committee.

We, as followers of the Divine Christ, have no support but His Word, our own convictions of a whole Biblical interpretation of it, and the banner of Truth under which we stand.

The Communistic groups are so closely connected with Birth Control that the support of church boards on one question automatically extends to the other. Space does not permit details, but as a signer of the enclosed card, you will become a member of the small percentage bravely facing facts and issues of present problems.

This work is self-supporting. The literature has been made possible by the fellowship of endorsing press. . . the platform work returns will be used as follows: "Free-will contributions, one-third to those sponsoring my talks; one-third to be devoted to 'Free' distribution of literature, and one-third to be the means whereby I shall support my platform presentations." "A small paper presenting **"Pertinent Paragraphs"** will keep the supporters informed of developments. All finances will thereby be listed. Your signature as one opposed to Communism and Birth Control, as presented by the League, will be appreciated by your servant in Christ.

In His Name,

*Annie L. DeBeyer*



### National Defense

A study of the Origins, Results, and Prevention of War. Kirby Page.  
Farrar & Rinehart. New York. 1931. pp. 404. \$3.00.

This tremendously searching discussion of the evils, tragedies, atrocities and causes of the world war devotes an entire section to a powerful presentation of constructive policies for abolishing war by the substitution of rational procedures for the peaceful settlement of international controversies, in which procedures the author is chiefly interested.

(The vast amount of exact information and quotations from many authorities make this amazing volume a treasure house for speakers and workers.)

Mr. Page presents first of all the causes of the World War: nationalism, imperialism, militarism, chauvinism, fear and alliances. After presenting the immediate origins, he asks just why the United States entered the war. This chapter of twenty pages is a startling disclosure of the sinister forces and secret influences that resulted in America's participation: the financial interests of America's munition makers, clever but deceitful propaganda, manufactured atrocity stories, the personal convictions and secret commitments of Colonel House, Germany's blundering diplomacy and President Wilson's personal attitude. In closing this chapter Mr. Page asks what the results of the world war would have been had the United States not entered, with rather disconcerting conclusions.

Explanations of the war given by the principal national leaders is another illuminating chapter - convicted out of their own mouths. Even President Wilson shifted his explanation after we entered. Religious leaders got badly entangled in their understandings and declarations.

Part II, devoted to the Results of the World War, in three terrible chapters deals with atrocities, economic and political consequences, and moral and spiritual effects. Here is a collection of eye-witness testimonials of what the soldiers underwent that probably has never been equalled. Every one who believes that war may sometimes be needed should read these frightful descriptions. Here is one quotation from Sir Philip Gibbs: ".....nothing that has been written is more than the pale image of the abomination of those battle-fields.....That was the devil's playground, and his chamber of horrors wherein he devised merry tortures for young Christian men. It was not far out of Ypres....only a rubble of bricks banked up with sandbags and deep mine-craters filled with stinking water....Bodies, and bits of bodies, and clets of blood, and green, metallic-looking slime....our men lived there....lice crawled over them in legion. Human flesh, rotting and stinking, mere pulp, was pasted into the mud-banks.. If they dug to get deeper cover, their shovels went into the softness of dead bodies who had been their comrades. Scraps of flesh, booted legs, blackened hands, eyeless heads, came falling over them when the enemy trench-mortared their position or blew up a new mine shaft."

But to show that war atrocities were not limited to the world war, Mr. Page devotes fifteen pages to quotations of war horrors of other wars, ancient and modern, Balkan wars, the Boer War, the American war in the Philippines, Belgian doings in the Congo, and the American Civil War, concluding with a forecast of the warfare of the future.

The deliberate, deceitful propaganda of the various governments in order to maintain the fighting morale of their respective peoples, the way in which religious leaders "gave their blessing to the instruments of war", and the "moral and spiritual blindness" that overcame the people, are given graphic treatment in Chapter XII.



In ten trenchant chapters Mr. Page analyzes the perils to world peace, among which he discusses nationalism, militarism, imperialism and economic rivalry, war debts, territorial disputes, racial antagonisms and the hostility between communism and capitalism, presenting a dark outlook indeed. Surprisingly, however, for an American, he closes this section with the question: "Will the United States become a World Menace". He marshals not a few reasons for anxiety.

Notwithstanding the blackness of the war clouds Mr. Page is not without hope. In the closing section of his great work he discusses "The Strategy of National Defense". He maintains that efforts at security by preparations for war and by war are the road to destruction but that real security may be realized by promoting the agencies and institutions to peace and the will to peace on the part of the people.

In the closing section of the last chapter Mr. Page outlines "A Twenty-two Point Program for Patriots".

(.... This is unquestionably Mr. Page's most effective volume on war and peace. It should find a place in every library and in every church and should be mastered and assimilated by pastors and by all peace workers.)

Peace workers generally will be grateful to Mr. Page for this incisive, illuminating and inspiring volume.

Dear Mr. Page

You may be interested in this  
review of your last book for the F. C. Bulletin.

Very cordially

(Sidney L. Gulick

Federal Council  
Bulletin)



## Kirby Page Is Monmouth Visitor

NOTED PACIFIST AND LECTURER  
ON CAMPUS TWO DAYS  
LAST WEEK

Kirby Page, pacifist and nationally known lecturer, spent two days on the campus, Monday and Tuesday, during which time he conducted four meetings and several open forums. Mr. Page began his visit on Monday morning in chapel at 11:00 o'clock. In the afternoon he conducted Dean Cleland's sociology class at 1:30 and at 2:30 met with the students and many people of the town at an open forum in the Association room. C. C. A. had the pleasure of hearing him Monday evening. The same schedule was followed on Tuesday with the exception of the sociology class and in the evening it was not under the auspices of the C. C. A.

Mr. Page is a true pacifist and throughout his speeches and informal talks he stressed the idea that he didn't think that there should be any blood shed. His speeches were organized to the last minute detail and it will be a long time before the student will hear a message with such super-analysis of the causes of the World War as was given by him in one of his chapel addresses. He also explained the Manchurian situation and the opinions or ideas and stand that both sides are taking in regard to the matter.

In his World War address he explained the terrible destruction of the German submarine warfare and of their cause—that they thought civilization would perish if they didn't win the war. Mr. Page's review of the history and the propaganda put out about Germany was interesting indeed. Concerning the Manchurian situation, both nations think that they must go to war to protect their own property. It really belongs to China, but, owing to a misunderstanding Japan wishes to have control in the country rich with minerals and timber and farm land.

Mr. Page also spent much time during his stay in the answering of both students and citizens of town questions. His presence on our campus was duly appreciated and he is welcome on our campus in the near future.

## Kirby Page Heard in Lansing

Kirby Page, editor of the *World Tomorrow*, outstanding radical, who declares in his magazine that he is done with the republican and democratic parties and the present industrial and social order, was brought to Lansing Sunday to speak against the maintenance of armament.

Editor Page is a special pleader, but he is not a student and teacher. He is of the type which says "If you are not wholly with me you are against me." The world does stand in need of council in matters of peace and war, but Page is among those who deny it. He enjoys fighting for his cause. He brings not candid consideration to the great issue, but turmoil instead. Those who want a fight usually get it.

Nations are armed today because of centuries of experience. Those of the type of Editor Page say forget that experience, completely disarm, and, thereafter, all will go serenely with no threat or war. If those of the Page type can believe that steadfastly enough, they surely have an argument. But the world, in general, remembering its long experience, fails to believe what Page and the others tell it. The battle being as it is between experience and fancy, the contest will be long. It will be acrimonious, too, at times, because pacifists of the Page stamp render it so.

Editor Page, in the November issue of his magazine, deals with the argument that armament is in the nature of insurance. He says that the United States spends about \$700,000,000 a year on its army and navy. He adds that in 10 years that means \$7,000,000,000. From this Page goes on to say that even if America were attacked, it is not conceivable that \$7,000,000,000 of damage would be done to us, and, therefore, to pay \$700,000,000 a year is too high a premium.

Page knows very well that he is being deceptive and misleading and is talking with purpose to deceive when he puts his argument in that way. The mere matter of property damage is nothing at all in comparison with the consideration of national honor and self-respect. National self-respect, national ability to remain as sovereign of its people, to be their guardian and protector, is a province of a nation more than it is to guard property. If a nation cannot keep a sovereign place in the world, it is not a nation.

Some profess to vision a world without nations. That is beyond the power of most of us. Without nations, humanity would be completely disorganized and, with organization, life on this globe would be worse than war.

Kirby Page is a pettifogger, not a counselor.



## THE FINAL ECHOES OF KIRBY PAGE

We regret the controversy that arose over Kirby Page. We regret still more the senseless harranging that enthusiasts of both sides used during the past week. But as the town, the leader of the opposition, Page himself, and the Review Atlas have had their say, it is only fair for the students and alumni, through the Oracle, to have their turn. We print a letter from an alumnus and a comment by a student, thus completing the incident. Let it be buried quietly.

Midland, Mich.,  
Nov. 29, 1931

Editor of the Oracle  
Monmouth College  
Monmouth, Illinois  
Dear Sir:

I learned the other day that Monmouth had been fortunate enough to hear Kirby Page on her campus for a day or so. Not knowing the organization or organizations responsible for bringing him to Monmouth, I am taking this means of congratulating them. The more men of Kirby Page's caliber Monmouth brings before her students, the more nearly she will approach the goal of an ideal educational institution.

I met Kirby Page about four years ago in Detroit, while a student at Monmouth. He is one speaker I will never forget. Since then I have read everything I could get hold of that has been written by Mr Page or about him. If there is another man in our country who is more broad minded, more thoughtful of his fellow men (and that does not mean they must live in the U. S. A., either), and more conscientious, I haven't heard of him.

I also understand that there are certain citizens or groups of citizens in Monmouth, well meaning perhaps but certainly very narrow minded, who would shield the students of Monmouth College from the AWFUL influence of this man. I knew business was slack but I had thought that everyone in Monmouth had all he could do to tend to his own business.

Such men as Kirby Page, such women as Edna Ferber and in fact everyone who has had a chance to compare us with the youth of other lands, say we are less mature in our thoughts than our foreign cousin. There must be some truth in this accusation. Who is to blame? These same individuals who would keep a student body from coming in contact with Kirby Page, who think that the only good in the world is contained in this land between the Atlantic and the Pacific. They cover the pages of their newspapers with stories of murder, gang war-fare, divorce and out-cries against prohibition, for the youth of the land to read and yet cry out in horror if a man dares to express some sound truths before a student audience. They accuse Kirby Page of being a radical. Well, it is common knowledge that everyone from the beginning of time who has dared to stand for a principle in the face of opposition has been tagged a radical. If Kirby Page is a radical, then let's hope he makes more radicals of the same type in every student body in our land.

My only regret is that I wasn't in Monmouth to hear Kirby Page again. I hope Monmouth College brings many more men like him to her campus.

Sincerely yours,  
T. MELVILLE HESS

### TRUTH

"We govern and are governed on the strength of our prejudices." In the days just past we have had an outstanding example of that very dogma. As college students we resent dictation as to what we must and must not hear. The first principle of education is to comprehend the problem at hand. To do so intelligence demands a survey of the problem from all angles. We are sorry that controversy has arisen. We have been deeply interested in the lectures of Mr. Page. We do not want the atrocities of war to come upon us again, neither will we stand with open hand before a bully. We seek facts—we seek sincerely and above all, the whole truth.

## Kirby Page Here Today

(Continued From Page One.)

speak at a dinner and open meeting in the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. The meeting is under the auspices of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom.

Franklin Yellig, Mines '32, President of the Cabinet of the Y. M. C. A., and Dorothy Brindley, Bus. Ad. '33 of the Y. M. C. A., are co-chairmen of the World Education Institute.

Mr. Page was brought to the campus after a year of negotiations by Franklin Yellig and officers of the Pitt Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. Mr. Page, as the leader of the peace movement in the United States, is one of the most sought-after speakers in this country. His associations with national and international leaders and his eleven books on the subject have made him a leader in international thought.

Mr. Page is a graduate of Drake University, and took graduate work at Columbia, Chicago, and Union Theological Seminary. He has been elected a member of Phi Beta Kappa, and during his undergraduate career was intercollegiate tennis champion of Iowa and a varsity basketball player. He has been editor of "The World Tomorrow" since 1926.



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Dear Kirby: We can not begin to  
thank you enough for the  
leadership and inspiration you  
bring to us at Lisle. We enclose  
ok for \$35 towards expenses of  
your travel & that of Mrs. Page.  
We do hope that you found  
some help from Dr. Chittenden.  
We share with you with our  
whole hearts your problem.  
For your courageous & effective  
leadership in the advance thinking  
your day we have unbounded  
admiration. Our affection will  
follow you all the days - happily  
Anna & Richard Edwards

May 20-31

FROM THE REV. CANON TISSINGTON TATLOW, D.D.,

RECTOR OF ALL HALLOWS, LOMBARD STREET, E.C.

CHAIRMAN, STUDENT CHRISTIAN MOVEMENT.

ANNANDALE,

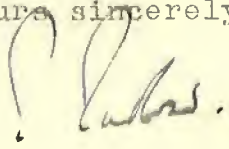
NORTH END ROAD,

GOLDERS GREEN, N.W.11.

My dear Eddy,

Really, really, really! One can bear some things but other things are very hard to stand. I see your name as associated as a contributing editor with "The World Tomorrow". Now I ask you, could anything more mischievous or more misleading be written than the Editorial "The Irresistible Tide"? Everybody knows that the Indian situation is an extremely delicate one at the present time and not a situation which should be poisoned. How can you expect progressive, sober-minded people like myself, who are extremely friendly to America, not to feel that this kind of thing is quite intolerable? One would conclude from this editorial that British opinion was extremely unsympathetic to India's urgent demand for self government, whereas the Round Table Conference members have been struck by the earnestness of the desire of Great Britain to secure self government for India in the best possible way at the earliest possible moment more than by anything else. One would think from what the writer of this editorial says that Great Britain was resisting India's demand for self government, whereas more than a hundred years ago the rightness of this for India was clearly stated by British administrators and in spite of a conservative element in the country which never likes change of any kind, English policy has steadily worked towards self government for India. Don't I remember how twenty years ago S.K.Datta and I used to pour over John Morley's speech on the subject with the greatest possible interest! Indian friends on the Round Table Conference at the present time tell me that the real obstacle to progress is the conflict between Mohammedans and Hindus. There is where the essence of the difficulty lies, not in England. I cannot imagine how a man of your intelligence can associate yourself with anything so shoddy and slipshod as a great deal of what appears in "The World Tomorrow". One has a great deal of sympathy with what evidently are the main positions of the promoters of this paper and it is because of this sympathy that I deplore the fact that there is so much loose writing and poor judgment on situations in the paper.

Ever yours sincerely,



Sherwood Eddy, Esq.,  
52, Vanderbilt Avenue,  
New York City, U.S.A.



Tuesday morning

Dear Kirby Page,

A week ago we were bemoaning the fact that the publicity side of our campaign here on the Michigan campus was pretty much of a total loss. However quite by accident we started things going with a bang. I can't say that I like being in the lime light, or that it is the sort of publicity that I favor or that does the cause any good. However, I expect that in time I'll get hardened to it, but right now I get the razz everlastingly from my family and live in fear that my friends will desert me.

I am enclosing what has come out in the Detroit Free Press; we made the front page Monday morning. Also the statement that the committee worked out that afternoon; you can see from the Michigan Daily (the student paper) how considerate they were in printing it intact. Then there is an article from the Ann Arbor daily paper too. Also one of my committee called me up at 8 this morning to tell me accusingly that the Free Press had favored us with an uncomplimentary editorial. I haven't read it yet, but I'll include that before I mail this letter.

I wonder if you'll be good enough to send the contents of the letter on to Esther West, I'll write her in the meantime. Poor Ellen Gammack lives in constant fear of losing her job, since the Honorable Major Edwards is a pillar of the Episcopal Church. She certainly has stuck through the whole thing in great shape. She is really a grand person, and I depend on her absolutely when it comes to keeping my committee from painting the town red.

Sincerely,

Betty Norton

The Riverside Church  
Riverside Drive at 122nd Street  
New York

Dear Mr. Page —

Yes. you may include  
my name among those  
answering "Yes" to  
number 6 —

Cordially  
Frank Josdick

Dear Kirby: I think this will be  
to your taste — not! See what  
they've done to St. Paul in modern  
style! Even if the carving is to  
improvised, I fancy P. would love  
what he saw. If you can show  
this to Levine, Mr. Glady, & Levine  
too! I couldn't get inside 'cause.  
Your always, J.C.

Mr Kirby Page,  
52 Vanderbilt Ave.,  
New York City.  
U.S.A.





Here's a war book that should interest parents,- for, whether we served in the war or not, very few fathers want their sons to have the experience of being called to the colors (NATIONAL DEFENSE, by Kirby Page. 1931. Farrar and Rinehart. \$2). This war book is a careful analysis of the causes of the late war, the world conditions arising out of it, and the present perils pointing toward another and greater war. The author, editor of one of our best monthly magazines, sets up a philosophy of national defense based on something that he believes is far more dependable than armaments that are always liable to be surpassed by the other fellow's. Anything constructive that looks toward the maintenance of peace and the outlasting of war merits the careful consideration of those of us who are concerned with making our children's tomorrows better than our own todays.

### Need International Union.

"There must be a Pan-American union, a League of Nations and other international machinery for civic adjustment of wrongs. There can be no permanent peace until the nations give up armed intervention.

"Far more serious," the speaker declared, "is the German crisis, and there are far more possibilities of war and chaos in Europe. The French are desperately determined that France will not be invaded again. They feel that they must be dominant in military and naval forces, and France now stands supreme in a military way.

"France strong, Germany weak, is the policy in Europe, and the situation has reached the point where it is an impending crisis. The French are determined to make Germany pay for the World War and to keep Germany weak.

"Germany has a point of view. Economically, the country is on the verge of a financial collapse. Five or six millions are walking the streets looking for work. They cannot continue their payments of reparations, and they are extremely bitter at the misery heaped upon them.

### Outlines European Crisis.

"The collapse of orderly government in Germany is imminent unless something is done. When this happens the treaty of Versailles will be scrapped, the league of nations abandoned and there will be no co-operation. Then France is likely to use its superior army ruthlessly."

Mr. Page indicated that the United States attitude in the situation is not one to help matters a great deal. America feels that she has been very generous in regard to war debts. Many of them have been cut down a great deal, interest has been forgotten, and a 1-year moratorium has been extended. But America has said that she expects payments to be resumed next July.

Other meetings were held today, with Mr. Page addressing them on the subject of disarmament in international relations. He spoke be-

## KIRBY PAGE ADDRESSES ASSEMBLY AT COLLEGE

**SAYS ABANDONING OF ARMED  
INTERVENTION IS PRICE OF  
CIVILIZATION'S SURVIVAL.**

**Author and Traveler Paints Dark  
Picture of World Affairs; Sees  
Greater Danger of War in  
Europe Than in Orient.**

Abandonment of armed intervention is the price of survival of civilization, Kirby Page, author, traveler and lecturer, told College students in a pertinent address at assembly in College auditorium this morning.

Mr. Page painted a dark picture of the situation confronting the world today and called for students to think and act in the emergency. He said that the world disarmament conference is meeting at Geneva amid a cloud of gloom and impending chaos.

"Two great crises are threatening the peace of the world," the speaker declared, "and they are of life and death significance to every person in this room."

The speaker explained the situations in Asia and Europe, saying that there are five times as many possibilities of war in the European situation than in China. He outlined the causes of the fighting in Asia and then explained the Franco-German crisis which threatens world civilization.

### Can't Lay Blame On Japan.

"What Japan has done in Manchuria is exactly the same thing other countries of the world have done. England, France, Italy and the United States have done it many times," Mr. Page said.

"It all started by the feeling of responsibility by the Japanese government to give Japanese interests safety and security in Manchuria, a territory rich in coal and iron, being developed by Japan, who needs those resources desperately. Japan has invested much money there, and when the Chinese were unwilling to protect Japan's interests there, Japan resorted to intervention with armed force.

"Japan's viewpoint is based on three political dogmas. The first is national interest, the second national honor and the third national patriotism. The Japanese feel that the government must safeguard the interests of its citizens in a foreign country, and they are fighting with a patriotic fervor and devotion to the cause of Japan which they believe to be rightful.

### Gives Chinese Viewpoint.

"The problem, through Chinese eyes, is this: Their land has been invaded and seized by armed might of a neighboring country. Their seacoast cities have been bombarded. It has been necessary to move



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#### Gives Chinese Viewpoint.

"The problem, through Chinese eyes, is this: Their land has been invaded and seized by armed might of a neighboring country. Their seacoast cities have been bombarded. It has been necessary to move the capital to an inland city. The Chinese, conscientious and patriotic, are doing just what patriotic Americans would do.

"Both countries are acting according to the orthodox reactions of patriots, and both believe they are in the right. That is what makes the crisis. Japan is doing nothing more than the United States has done on an average of once every twelve months. We send the marines somewhere at least once a year for the purpose of protecting American property, life and honor.

"The whole thing resolves itself into a question of how can a country's citizens be given safety and security in foreign countries, and it cannot be worked out by the use of armed forces. We should keep our marines at home and insist that other countries keep their armed forces at home. We must build international agencies of justice.

## PEACE ADVOCATE SPEAKS TODAY IN BRADLEY CHAPEL

Kirby Page of New York City, editor of the magazine "The World Tomorrow," and noted peace advocate, will address Bradley college students at the Bradley chapel at 10 o'clock this morning and will speak again in a radio address over WMBD from 2:05 to 2:15 o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. Page's chapel talk will be on "A Peace Program for Patriots." His appearance in Peoria is sponsored by a committee headed by Miss Evabeth Miller, a Bradley student.

His radio talk was arranged by Mrs. R. W. Reagan of the Peoria League of Women Voters.

Mr. Page came to Peoria last night from Monmouth, where he addressed a two-day series of meetings at Monmouth college before large audiences.

On petition of nine patriotic societies in Monmouth, school authorities declined to permit Mr. Page to talk in Monmouth High school.

## PAGE SEES WAY TO BRING PEACE

### League Has Not Used Powerful Resources, He Says.

War between Japan and China still can be prevented by the League of Nations if it will draw upon its three most powerful but heretofore unused resources, Kirby Page, editor of The World Tomorrow, who spoke before the Foreign Policy Association Friday night in the Griswold Y. W. C. A., declared.

These three weapons are: Moral-legal judgment against the aggressor nation by the council of the League, threat of diplomatic ostracism, and third, use of the embargo. Japan is not strong enough politically to withstand such an onslaught from the League, Page declared, and would almost immediately be brought to terms.

"The reasons the League hesitates to employ the only effective measures at its command, he said, are three: The League fears to offend powerful nations who are not members, some nations who already are members have so recently enacted the role that is at present Japan's that they hesitate to pass judgment on her, and, third, these are no doubt intending again to be aggressor nations and hate to make for themselves uncomfortable beds.

"Unless there is a lot of clear thinking done in the present crisis, which is one of the black periods in the history of the world, we are all likely to be swept into a terrible

Continued on Page Two, Col. 4.

## PAGE SEES WAY TO BRING PEACE

League Has Not Used Powerful Resources, He Says.

Continued From First Page.

war before the decade is out," Kirby declared.

He offered a program for insuring peace, in which he expressed the strongest confidence, beginning with the creation and strengthening of the machinery of peace and tearing down the machinery of war. Next, public confidence and faith in such a process must be fostered, he proposed, and third, disarmament, beyond present possibilities of disarmament, must become a gradually realized objective.

His opponent on the platform, Henry Kittredge Norton, author and journalist, refused to look into the future, but declared any immediate attempt to disarm Europe is impossible. He said there are about 22,000,000 men in Europe, in standing and reserve armies, ready to fight should opportunity offer, half of them to uphold the Versailles treaty provisions, and half in the cause of revision. Fear, distrust, special interests never were stronger in Europe than they are today, he declared.

If political, economic and military problems could be compounded and considered by a single agency such as the League of Nations, by bankers, statesmen and soldiers thinking together for peace, some agreement might be reached looking toward peace, he submitted, but confessed little hope that such a program will be put into effect.

Norton and T. Z. Koo, vice chairman of the World Student Christian Federation, will address an open meeting on the Japanese-Chinese situation at 2:30 p. m. Saturday in Commerce Auditorium, Ohio State University.

Mr Page.  
I do so want  
to speak to  
you. I am  
Betty House  
sister -  
Esther Wistar



GENEVA SUN  
Tells the Time

THIS IS INTERNATIONAL DAY

The plans for today -- Wednesday

- 6:45 -- Worship on Vision Hill with  
Dr. Aust
- 6:45 -- Morning Dip
- 7:30 -- Waffles! ??
- 8:20 -- Workshop Hours
- 9:30 -- Worship -- Jane Saddler
- 9:50 -- Talk by Kirby Page
- 10:30 -- Optional Hour  
Recreation  
Kirby Page's special group  
Porch of Woman's Bldg.  
"Working with Individuals and  
Groups"-Grace Hoover  
County Building  
Singing in Woman's Building
- 11:30 -- Forum in Auditorium--Kirby Page
- 12:30 -- Calories!
- 1:00 -- Tent Leaders - Boys Building A  
Workshop Leaders- " " B
- 1:30 -- Conference Leaders -County Bldg.
- 2:00 -- Choir Practice
- 2:00 to 3:00 -- Quiet Hour
- 3:00 to 5:00 -- Swimming
- 3:30 to 5:30 -- Informal Hours
- 4:30 to 5:30 -- Appreciation Hour  
Hear about Talitha Gerlach, our  
representative in China, and  
see the W.S.C.F. Play
- 6:00 -- Vitamines!
- 6:30 -- Messages from Students from Other  
Countries. -- Auditorium
- 8:00 -- Meet on Vision Hill  
Negro Spirituals  
--Frances Williams McLeMore  
Lantern Procession
- 9:00 -- Tent Meetings
- 10:00 -- Gute Nacht!

"Who goes there in the night,  
Across the storm-swept plain?  
We are the ghosts of a valiant war--  
A million murdered men!"

"Who goes there at the dawn,  
Across the sun-swept plain?  
We are the hosts of those who swear  
It shall not be again!"  
Thomas Curtis Clark

"Prejudice is being down on what you  
are not up on!"

\*\* \*\* \*

Be sure to bring 15¢ to lunch this  
noon. After the meal, right outside the  
dining room, Japanese lanterns will be  
on sale, and every person will want one  
for the Lantern Procession tonight. Then  
bring your lanterns to the Auditorium  
meeting at 6:50.

Do visit the middle room at the  
County Building. There are exhibited  
materials and suggestions for Inter-  
national Programs on your campus.

A book of Chinese songs compiled by  
Mr. T. Z. Koo is on sale at the Book  
Store for \$1.25 each.

Mary Evelyn Webb from the University  
of Chicago, who will preside at the  
Auditorium meeting tonight, has been  
appointed as one of the few undergradu-  
ate delegates to represent American  
students at the Worlds Student Christian  
Federation Retreat which is being held  
in Williamstown, Mass., July 5--12.

Save a few minutes today to plan  
your International dress for tonight.  
Reach into the bottom of your bag and  
pull out the bright scarf you brought.  
Wear authentic costumes where possible,  
but otherwise wear your coolie coat or  
kimono, an Indian scarf or some other  
colorful outfit. Wear them to Apprecia-  
tion Hour and then to supper. At supper  
each table is to represent some nation  
and it is suggested that you create some  
yells and songs for the nation you  
designated at your table.

"He drew a circle that shut me out--  
Heretic, rebel, a thing to flout.  
But love and I had the wit to win:  
He drew a circle that took him in!"  
Edwin Markham.



# KIRBY PAGE TO LECTURE

Editor Of The World  
Tomorrow Gives Se-  
ries Lectures

Following a series of addresses at Duke University, the University of North Carolina and at Wake Forest College, Kirby Page, editor of "The World Tomorrow," and noted writer and lecturer on the subject of international relations and world economic problems, will speak at the Raleigh Woman's Club Friday night at eight o'clock on the subject, "Must There Be Another War?" He comes under the auspices of the literature department of the club of which Mrs. R. W. Green is chairman and he will be presented by Rev. E. McNeill Poteat, Jr., pastor of Pullen Memorial Baptist Church. There will be no admission charge and the public is invited to hear him.

Friday morning at 10 o'clock, before going to Wake Forest, where he spoke at 11:30, Mr. Page addressed Prof. Hugh Lefler's history class at State College on "Two Most Feared Nations: U. S. S. R. and U. S. A."

Saturday morning Mr. Page will lecture at State College Y. M. C. A. at 10 o'clock on "The Program for Chris-

## DISARMAMENT MEET DISCUSSED BY PAGE

Noted Editor and Lecturer  
Says World Must Give Up  
Idea of Arming.

### ECONOMIC LOSSES CITED

Speaking last night on the Geneva disarmament conference to an audience that taxed the seating capacity of Grace Methodist Protestant church, Kirby Page, editor of "The World Tomorrow," author, and lecturer on international questions, discussed the two schools of thought that will be manifest at Geneva and gave reasons why the one favoring dramatic reduction of arms should succeed.

Miss Harriet Elliott, of North Carolina college, presided at the meeting, and introduced Mr. Page. At the conclusion of the address, an open forum was conducted during which Mr. Page was called upon to answer numerous questions suggested to the audience by his talk.

The speaker designated the conference to be held next February as significant, because it will not only bring together representatives of all countries in the league of nations but those that are not—Turkey, Russia, and the United States. In every delegation will be two schools of thought, one, the usual point of view, that in "our kind of world with as much danger as there is the only safe course is to have a good-sized armed force," and one, a new point of view, maintaining that "we will never have safety and security as long as we depend on armed forces, and that we should drastically reduce arms and put our faith in world organization."

Mr. Page gave reasons for the latter position, stating that the whole procedure of putting confidence in armed forces is untenable because it is not effective, it is not necessary, it is suicidal, it is expensive, and the price



plans" and again at 10 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. on "Must We Travel the Moscow Road?" At 12:15 he will broadcast an address over Radio Station WPTF and at 1 p.m. Saturday he will be a guest at a dinner of the Raleigh Ministerial Association.

Engagements make it necessary for Mr. Page to be in Philadelphia Sunday evening and he has agreed, if weather conditions are favorable for flying Sunday, so that he can get back north in time, to remain over to speak at Pullen Memorial Church at the 11 o'clock service, his subject to be "The Race Between War and Peace."

Mr. Page has crossed the ocean 18 times and visited 35 countries of the world, meeting the outstanding leaders and people of interest in all these countries. He is editor of "The World Tomorrow" and author of eleven volumes on international, social and religious questions, some of which have been translated into a number of foreign languages.

Kirby Page is speaking constantly before influential audiences all over the country, before colleges and clubs and at religious conventions and church gatherings.

Born in Texas, Mr. Page has lived in California, Louisiana, Iowa, Illinois, New Jersey and New York. He is a graduate of Duke University and took graduate work at the University of Chicago, Columbia University and Union Theological Seminary.

From 1916 to 1918 he traveled with Sherwood Eddy in his evangelistic work with soldiers in the war zone and with students in the Far East. During the succeeding three years he was minister of the Ridgewood Church of Christ in New York City. Then he worked as a publicist for five years, devoting his time to writing and speaking on social, economic and international questions. In 1926 he became editor of "The World Tomorrow."

ence of an armed force is a country's chief source of peril. He also mentioned three undertakings that are necessary for American delegates if the conference is to succeed.

Mr. Page offered present world conditions as proof of the statement that armaments are not effective in protecting life and property, and pointed to the method of warfare with its destructiveness as further proof. With skies filled with airships and a poison gas that is positively annihilating available for warfare it would be suicidal to enter another war, and furthermore there is occasion for alarm over what a war would do to the productive and distributive system of the world.

The system is not necessary, the speaker contended. He thinks it most unlikely if the English fleet should disappear off the seas tonight that the United States, for instance, would invade the country tomorrow, or vice versa. It is more likely that the armed forces will be used to protect property rights abroad, and while some claim that money spent for armaments is comparable to money spent on an insurance policy, he asks whether any individual would spend five times as much to protect a piece of property as the property is worth. At the present ratio of expenditure seven billion dollars will be spent by this country for armaments within the next decade.

"The whole system, instead of giving you protection, is doing exactly the opposite," he maintained, because it is competitive. People would not consent to spend huge sums for armament if they were not afraid, and the more armaments are increased the more fear and suspicion increase.

Delegates from the United States should, in the opinion of Mr. Page, vigorously participate in all the proceedings, because some high officials in this country seem to think this is a European affair, and because this country, with its geographic protection, without a heritage of bitter hatred, with its wealth, can exert an influence that might be decisive. They should be prepared to enter into agreement about all kinds of weapons, including battleships, and to do something about budgetary limitation. The latter, he explained, does not include a proposal that each country spend the same amount of money, but that the basis of comparison be one year's expenditures with another year's expenditures, the cut to be made by percentages.



## CIVITANS HEAR TALK ON RUSSIA'S SYSTEM

Kirby Page Gives Interesting  
Information On Operation  
of Five-Year Plan.

### MEANS LOTS HARD WORK

The Civitan club, holding its weekly luncheon yesterday at the O. Henry hotel instead of Friday in order to hear Kirby Page, noted editor, author, and lecturer, was rewarded with a discussion of conditions in Russia, with particular regard to the five-year plan.

Prior to the address, Fred Odell gave a report of the Carolinas Civitan convention held last week in Gastonia, and D. W. Morrah was received as a new member. Fred Phipps, with Ben Bates at the piano, sang "A Cottage Small." Robert L. Coons presented the speaker.

With all lands, mines and big business in the hands of the government more goods are being produced in Russia, but they are goods of inferior quality, according to Mr. Page. The town people are better off than they were before the war, but buying is more difficult for peasants. All Russia is working harder than ever before, and the people, with an intense patriotism, are anxious to have the five-year plan succeed. It is as if they were fighting a war, with success of the plan a symbol of winning it.

He spoke of the "terrific compulsion" in Russia, with the man out of work being comparable to the slacker of world war days. The bolsheviks have learned, he said, to use commendation and praise instead of money to get results from workers.

The Russians are not blood-thirsty, he went on. They destroy property to accomplish a goal; they think violence necessary to overthrow the existing system for a better plan, which is, of course, the five-year plan, in their estimation. They are openly opposed to religion, partly because of a philosophy of scientific materialism, and partly because they think it corrupt since the head of church and state was the same.

Mr. Page hopes that America will not ostracize Russia because of the plan, any more than it has ostracized Italy on account of fascism.

### MARK IS RECALLED

Local Men Recall Days When German Currency Was Bought Here.

With deepening popular interest in the monetary systems of other countries, resulting from the recent abandonment of the gold standard in England and other developments abroad, a group of Greensboro citizens yesterday, in reminiscent mood, recalled that some years ago, following the world war, sales of German marks here reached considerable proportions.

One of the gentlemen remembered that options to purchase German marks were sold to a number of local citizens shortly after the war.

"At that time the investor could acquire a bushel of marks for a relatively small outlay of American money," said one man.

Then, Martin F. Douglas, Greensboro attorney, was questioned about his opportunity to buy German marks in those dear dim days which are not entirely beyond recall. He admitted that he and three other local citizens purchased an option on a large quantity for \$100 each. "I can't remember how many million or billion or trillion marks we were to get," said Mr. Douglas somewhat facetiously. He appeared to be relieved because of the fact that they did not exercise that option. He was unable to remember the rapidity with which his investment was to yield immense returns; in fact, he seemed to be trying to forget.

The conference, to be a success, must take other factors into consideration, the speaker declared, too. Disarmament must be allied with drastic revision of reparation and war debts, a new concept of the origin of the world war, which was not caused by a man, a group, or a nation, but by a system, understanding of the menace of the present policy of armed intervention to protect property, and a body of citizens who are willing to throw their entire weight against the system of war and its futility and favor world organizations.

Manchurian Student Enters



KCC

My dear Mrs. Page,

Unfortunately

Mr. Poe's time next

Tuesday is filled to overflowing.

That is an ever lasting  
difficulty - what little free  
time men like our husbands  
have must make up with  
each other. We shall

therefore briefly resolve  
that on some other visit  
the proposed talk - and  
incidental tea - shall be

came out.

We are disappointed.

It was fine to have  
your husband here last evening.  
We who hold the fort here  
against the Tribune, the  
American Legion and hundred  
forces, need all the  
reinforcements there are.

Cordial greetings to you both

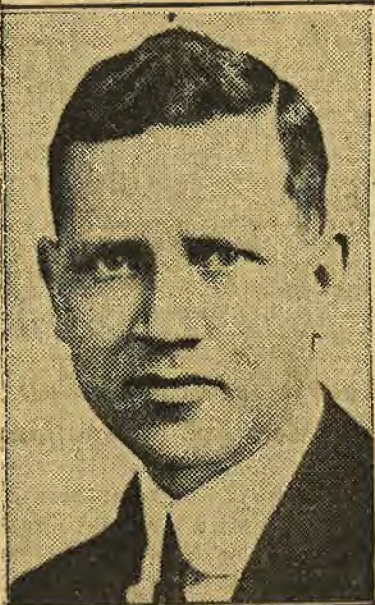
Katherine Coe

Mrs. Albert Buckner Coe  
220 Linden Avenue, Oak Park

December first.



**Speaker Today**



Mr. Page is the main speaker at the World Education Institute under auspices of the Y. M. and Y. W. C. A. Mr. Page is editor of "The World Tomorrow" and author of "National Defense."

**Kirby Page  
Here Today**

**Student Groups To Hear  
World Peace Leader**

11 O. M. Zion.

Great Kirby - just  
great ! !

Lincoln

Kirby Page, editor of the "World Tomorrow" and an outstanding leader of the peace movement in the United States, opens the Y. M. and Y. W. C. A. World Education Institute on the campus today.

Mr. Page will address a large audience at the Heinz House during the drill hour at one o'clock on "Dollars and World Peace." Franklin Yellig, Mines '32, President of the Y. M. C. A., will preside.

The main address of the Institute will be held in Room 315 Alumni Hall at three-thirty this afternoon. Attorney Dan T. R. Dickson of the American Legion, will oppose Mr. Page on "Adequate National Defense—What Kind?" Attorney Dickson is on the speakers' list of the American Legion.

Dr. Benjamin H. Williams, professor of political science at the University and a peace advocate of national reputation, will act in the capacity of chairman at the debate.

At six o'clock this evening Kirby Page will address a selected audience at a dinner in the First United Presbyterian Church at Thackeray and Fifth avenues. Mr. Page's talk will be "A Peace Program for Patriots." Leaders of the Pitt Y. M. and Y. M. C. A. expect a large delegation from the University.

At noon tomorrow Mr. Page will  
(Continued on Page Two)



KIRBY PAGE SCHEDULE

Dec.30-Jan.3	c/o Hotel Statler, Buffalo, N.Y.
Jan.4	c/o D.M.Edwards, 507 Illinois Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.
Jan.5-6	c/o Prof. A.D. Beittel, Earlham College, Richmond, Ind.
Jan.7	c/o Geo. W. Campbell, Y.M.C.A. Locust & 16, St. Louis, Mo.
Jan.8	c/o Paul H. Darby, 921 East Elm St., Springfield, Mo.
Jan.9-10	c/o <del>Harry Bond</del> <sup>Hotel Hilton</sup> 810 Central Bldg., Dallas, Tex.
Jan.11-15	c/o G.W. Murry, Box 222, Route A, Lufkin, Texas.
Jan.16-17	c/o F.C. Fields, Y.M.C.A., Houston, Texas.
Jan.18	Travel
Jan.19-20	c/o Southern Arizona School for Boys, Tucson, Ariz.

Balance of schedule later

Anne is here and seems  
to be enjoying herself. Am  
meeting hundreds of old  
friends. It's really amazing  
the number of these students  
and leaders that I have  
met before.

Have a Round Table  
group of 100 every day. Excellent  
response. Many interviews!

Love and kisses

Nirley



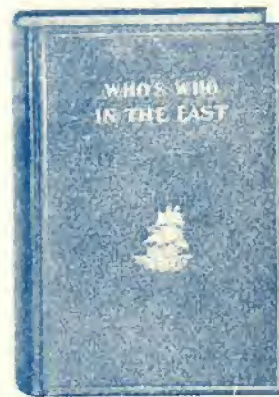


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**PAGE, KIRBY**

Editor. Born in Tyler Co., Texas, Aug. 7, 1890. Son of James Andrew Thomas and Isabella (Pounds) Page. Married Mary Alma Folse. Children: Kirby, Jr. (13); Mary (11). Ed: Drake Univ. (A.B.); grad. student, at Univ. of Chicago, Columbia Univ. and Union Theol. Sem. Club: Town Hall. Auth: "Something More," 1920; "The Sword on the Cross," 1921; "Christianity and Economic Problems," 1922; "War: Its Causes, Consequences and Cure," 1923; "The Abolition of War," 1924; "Imperialism and Nationalism," "An American Peace Policy," 1925; "Makers of Freedom," 1926; "Dollars and World Peace," 1927; "Recent Gains in American Civilization," 1928; "Jesus or Christianity," 1929. Sec., Y. M. C. A., Houston, Texas, 1908-11; Pastor, Molkau Park Christian Ch., Chicago, Ill., 1915; engaged in Y. M. C. A. work in England and France, 1916-17; traveled with Sherwood Eddy in China, Korea and Japan, 1918; Pastor, Ridgewood Ch. of Christ, New York, 1918-21; Publicist and Lecturer, 1921-26; Editor, The World Tomorrow, 1926—. Office: 52 Vanderbilt Ave., New York, N. Y. Home: 3947 Gosman Ave., Long Island City, N. Y.

"National Defense," 1931

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